

Advanced Patient Engagement Resource Packet

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1. GETTING STARTED ACTIVITY

This activity is to be completed individually. Be ready to share with the group.					
Write out what you already know about helping people:					

2. AMBIVALENCE ACTIVITY

This activity is to be completed individually. Be ready to share with the group.

Ambivalence is normal.

Intent: This exercise is to help you understand the normalcy of ambivalence.

NO CHANGE			
Pros	Cons		
СНА	NGE		
Cons	Pros		

3. SOME CHARACTERISTICS OF SUCCESSFUL CHANGERS

(Excerpted from *Motivational Interviewing*, 2nd Edition, William Miller & Stephen Rollnick, Guilford Press)

Accepting	Truthful	Committed	Prayerful
Active	Relaxed	Competent	Trusting
Adaptable	Assured	Concerned	Unique
Adventurous	Brave	Confident	Understanding
Affectionate	Doer	Considerate	Responsible
Affirmative	Effective	Courageous	Attentive
Alert	Experienced	Creative	Bright
Alive	Knowledgeable	Decisive	Eager
Ambitious	Open	Dedicated	Effective
Anchored	Organized	Determined	Faithful
Assertive	Reasonable	Die-hard	Loving
Resourceful	Solid	Unstoppable	Optimistic
Persistent	Steady	Stubborn	Patient
Positive	Vigorous	Thorough	Sensible
Thoughtful	Willing	Winning	Wise
Quick	Worthy	Zealous	Zestful
Spiritual	Straight	Flexible	Focused
Forgiving	Forward-looking	Free	Нарру
Healthy	Hopeful	Imaginative	Ingenious
Intelligent	Persevering	Thankful	Powerful
Tough	Receptive	Unstoppable	Reliable
Bold	Diligent	Earnest	Energetic
Fearless	Mature	Orderly	Perceptive
Skillful	Stable	Strong	Visionary

4. LISTEN LIKE ENZO ACTIVITY

- a. Storyteller share a story about a dilemma you, someone you know, experienced.
- b. Listener listen like Enzo (see below).

Listen with...

PRESENCE— UNDIVIDED ATTENTION

Patience

Eyes, ears and heart

Acceptance and non-judgment

SILENCE:

Kanji Listening

INSIDE

AND

OUTSIDE

Curiosity

Delight

No interruptions

5.	ACTIVITY:	BRAINS	FORM S	SOME	IDEAS	TO	CULTIV	ATE (CHANGE	ETALK	(CCT)
AN	D SOFTEN	SUSTAIN	TALK	(SST)							

CULTIVATE CHANGE TALK!

What will you do to encourage change talk?

SOFTEN SUSTAIN TALK!

What will you do with sustain talk?

6. STRATEGIES FOR ELICITING CHANGE TALK

Ask evocative questions and reasons for change:Why would you want to make a change in this part of your life?
If nothing changes, what might happen? What's at stake?
What are other people worried about?
How has stopped you from doing what you want to do?
What are some of your concerns about?
 Change in the abstract: Suppose that you did succeed and are looking back on it now: What most likely is it that worked? How did it happen? Suppose that this one big obstacle wasn't there. If that obstacle were removed, then how might you go about making this change? If you wanted to, how would you do it? If you were to try again, what might be the best way to do it?
 Miracle question: Suppose a miracle happened and you in the next six months. What would your life be like then? How do you think your family and friends would respond?
 Exception question: How did you stop yourself from when you felt depressed? What was going on when you were succeeding?
 Not ready for change: What might need to be different for you to think about changing? What would need to happen for you to think about changing? If you, how would your life be different? What would be the first sign you? How would others say you are different? If you were to decide one day to change, how do you think you might do it? What is stopping you from putting at the top of your list?
 Explore pros and cons: What, if any, are some of the advantages for keeping things just the way they are? Or the other hand, what are some of the reasons for making a change?
Ask for more detail or an example:
What do you mean when you say?
 When was the last time that happened? Give me an example. What else?

STRATEGIES FOR ELICITING CHANGE TALK Continued

 Looking back: What were things like before? What were you like back then? How has stopped you from growing, from moving forward? Way back then, what was inspiring you to?
Looking forward:
 How would you like things to turn out for you? Where would you like to be? Where are you now? Where would you like to be? If you could make this change immediately, and it would already be here, how might things be better? What would be the best results you could imagine if you made a change? If you were to gaze into a crystal ball after you
 Querying extremes: What is the worst thing that could happen if you stayed this way? What are your worst fears about what might happen if you don't make a change? What concerns you the most about?
 Use change rulers: How ready are you? How interested are you? How motivated are you? How committed are you? How much energy do you have to? How confident are you? How hopeful are you?
Explore Goals & Values:What do you want in life? What's important to you? What values do you live by?
 Come Alongside: Explicitly side or empathize with the negative (status quo) side of ambivalence. Perhaps is so important to you that you won't give it up, no matter what the cost

7. SKILLS OBSERVER SHEET

Demonstration observation: Take notes of examples or just make a check mark if you hear it!
Spirit:
Partnership:
Empathy:
Skills:
Open Minded questions:
Simple Reflections
Complex reflections:
Affirmations:
Seeking collaboration:
Emphasizing autonomy:
Ask-Offer-Ask:

Avoiding:

• Giving advice without permission, warning, labeling, arguing, criticizing

8. CLOSING REVIEW (SELF-REFLECTION)

Complete in Survey Monkey at: https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/CWYNQ9Q

Something I learned or relearned
From this course I gained
One thing I learned about myself as a practitioner
I am more confident now that I can
I am going to integrate MI into practice by

9. MITI TOOL

This tool will be used by the Subject Matter Expert for the Simulation and Feedback sessions

Motivational Interviewing MITI 4.2.1 Ideas for skill and spirit progression

	Global Rating	rs	Notes
Relational	Partnership	1 2 3 4 5	Do more reflections; translate some of your questions into reflections, remind yourself and the client that they are in change, ask permission
Relat	Empathy	1 2 3 4 5	Go beyond just the client's words when you reflect. Do LOTS of complex reflections- especially those that name feelings.
cal	Cultivating Change Talk	1 2 3 4 5	LISTEN for change talk. Reflect the change talk. Ask for change talk. HINT: EVOKE Change talk for longer than you think you should.
Technical	Softening Sustain Talk	12345	Listen for sustain talk. Respond to it with intention. Empathy? Amplified? Double sided or can you just leave it alone?
	Behavior Counts (Has	h Marks)	Examples
	Open		USE the open-ended question words; what. How, tell me about, describe, say more, in what ways Be curious. Not about facts. Be curious about what concerns they about
ion			how things are now, what are their hopes for themselves
Question	Closed		Avoid fact finding/assessment questions Avoid having reflections end with a "?"
	Simple		Use simple reflections. People will keep talking
mmary			Saying back what the person said, shows that you're listening. DO repeat change talk.
Reflection/Summary	Complex		Complex reflections go beyond what the person said. Notice their emotions. Say more than the person is saying but not more than they meant. Complex reflections show a deep understanding of all that the person is sharing with you. Don't miss opportunities to reflect by immediately jumping to a question.
Other Behaviors	MI Adherent:affirmationseek_collaborationemphasize autonomy_ permission before inform MI Non-Adherent: persuade, advise, inform w/o permission, warn, confront		Learn the starters for affirmations- they way that you Shows Point out strengths to build confidence and importance. This person is your partner. Ask for their input on the agenda. Check for understanding at the end of a summary (not every time you do a reflection © Remind people they are IN CHARGE of their OWN LIFE! It's so easy to offer up what we think. Of course we have strong thoughts. We can help people do better not by telling them what we think they outta do but by guiding them towards change for their OWN reasons. Avoid saying, I think, you should, you don't want to I think it would be more beneficial if you. If you can just

10. RESOURCES FOR YOUR CONTINUED DEVELOPMENT

Self-study

- Miller & Rollnick (2023) book (in press)
- Miller, Moyers, & Rollnick (2013) training DVD o Rosengren (2018) workbook
- Audio record and self-code some samples of practice

• Further training?

- Great Lakes Addiction Technology Transfer Center: https://attcnetwork.org/centers/great-lakes-attc/home
- Great Lakes Mental Health Technology Transfer Center https://mhttcnetwork.org/centers/great-lakesmhttc/home
- See "Calendar of Events" for US/regional MI trainings http://motivationalinterviewing.org/

Create a plan with regular review and update

- Individual learning plan
- Organization-level implementation/integration plan

Learn with others:

- o Current supervisor?
- o Community of Practice or Peer Learning Group?
- Hire an MI coach? See MINT website for listings: http://motivationalinterviewing.org/

• Develop as a trainer?

http://motivationalinterviewing.org/

Learn more about the Motivational Interviewing Network of Trainers, MINT Trainer Pathway. Feel free to contact Laura (lauraannsaunders@gmail.com) to discuss your next steps.

11. ASK – OFFER– ASK

Component Task		In Practice			
Ask	 → Ask permission → Clarify needs and gaps 	 May I? Would you like to know about? What do you know about? What would you like to know about? Is there any information I can help you with? Other ways to ask permission: Would it be okay with you if we talked about? Do you mind if we discussed? Might I add some thoughts here? Would this be the time to fill you in on? 			
Offer	 → Provide information in a manageable chunk → Prioritize → Be clear → Support autonomy → Don't prescribe the person's response 	 What does the person most want/need to know? Avoid jargon, use everyday language Offer manageable amounts of information with time to reflect Acknowledge freedom to disagree or ignore Present what you know without interpreting it's meaning for the person 			
Ask	→ Ask for the person's interpretation, understanding, or response	 Ask open questions Offer reflections to the responses and reactions Allow time to process and respond to the information Sample questions: What does that sound like to you? What are your thoughts? How might you use this information? What might be a next step?			

12. DEFINITION OF MI

Motivational interviewing is a collaborative conversation style for strengthening a person's own motivation and commitment to change.

Technical definition of MI:

"Motivational interviewing is a collaborative, goal-oriented style of communication with particular attention to the language of change. It is designed to strengthen personal motivation for and commitment to a specific goal by eliciting and exploring the person's own reasons for change within an atmosphere of acceptance and compassion."

(Miller & Rollnick, 2013, p. 29)

MI Processes:



Skills are applied within each process in unique and creative ways.